

QEDIT™ 6.3 Full-screen Editor for HP e3000 and HP-UX Quick Reference Guide

Qedit's Function Keys

Key	Label	Function
ф	Upd-Next Visual	Update page, then show next page or enter Visual from Line mode
γ	Roll Up Screen	Move ahead 6 lines in the file {adjust number with Set Vis Roll}
η	Findup String	Search backward for current string {define "string" via a command}
1	Find String	Search forward for current string {"string" is shown in status line}
φ	Back One Page	Display previous page of the file {Set Visual adjusts page size}
κ	Forward One Page	Display next page of the file {adjust page size with Set Visual}
μ	Do ===> Listredo	Execute command at home line or show Redo stack in Line mode
ν	Exit	Exit from Visual to Line mode or Exit from Qedit

Function keys work in Visual mode and in Line mode

Robelle Solutions Technology Inc.

7360 – 137 Street, Suite 372 Surrey, B.C. Canada V3W 1A3 Phone: (604) 501-2001 Support: (289) 480-1060

E-mail: support@robelle.com Web: www.robelle.com

Visual Mode for HP Terminals

Type "visual" or press F1 to enter Visual from Line mode. Use the terminal keys to edit. Press Enter to save:

HP terminal Enter key (not the Return key)

Reflection Enter key on numeric keypad (or "+" on numeric

keypad, or Shift-F10)

QCTerm F12

hpterm Enter key on numeric keypad

Screen Layout

Although the number of text lines can be varied with Set Visual Above and Below, the screen always contains the following elements:

```
===>
Okay 1691.75 WFILE.DOC.TACCT "verify"(u)
-1 procedure abc;
* begin
+1 integer def;
+2 double xyz;
// ...+...10...+...20...+...30...+...40...+
```

Home line Type commands and strings here (===>)
Status line Shows current line, file, string, status/hint

Text lines "!" means line is wider than screen

"?" means nonprinting characters

Template "//" must not be erased

Commands at the Home Line

Type commands after "===>" and press Enter or F7.

? Visual Help screen* Refresh screen

Go back to page just accessed

[Go to start of file] Go to end of file nn.nn Go to line nn.nn "xx" Search ahead for "xx" +nnn Go ahead nnn lines -nnn Go back nnn lines

So back n pages (n = 1 to 9)
 Go ahead n pages (n = 1 to 9)
 Exit back to Line mode
 Reset pending cut-and-paste

.xx Reset exclude lines
=calc Any calculator command
%ext Set Extprog command

cmd Any Qedit, shell, MPE, or User Command

Cut-and-Paste Indicators

To define and process a block of lines, use tags in the two blank columns at the left edge of the screen. Qedit keeps a copy of MM, CC, DD, RR and JJ blocks in the Hold0 file. To cancel a pending tag, put a period (.) in the home line (===>) and press F7.

DD Begin and end of delete block
CC Begin and end of copy block
MM Begin and end of move block
A Insert after this line (or use F)
B Insert before this line (or use P)

A0 Insert Hold0 file after this line (or use F0)
B0 Insert Hold0 file before this line (or use P0)

ZZ Begin and end of marked block

HH Begin and end of block written to Hold file
HJ Begin and end of block appended to Hold file
AH Insert Hold file after this line (or use FH)
BH Insert Hold file before this line (or use PH)

Rn Replicate this line n times

Rn Replicate block delimited by RR, n times

JJ Begin and end of justify block

VV Divide lines at "~" or append blank line

GG Join lines together

XX Exclude lines from display

DCMZHVG Process only one line instead of a block

Visual Emulation on HP-UX

Starting from HP-UX 11.0, HP stopped supporting block-mode operations on HP terminals. This means regular Visual mode does not work on these versions anymore. If Qedit/UX is running on HP-UX 11.0 or higher, you can use block-mode emulation by enabling Set Visual Blockemulation On.

Screen Mode for VT Terminals

On VT terminals, type "visual" to enter Screen mode from Line mode.

Keypad:

7 Home	8 Cursor Up	9 Previous Page
4 Cursor Left	5 Move by Words	6 Cursor Right
1 End	2 Cursor Down	3 Next Page
0 Insert		Remove

Cursor Keys:

Insert Toggle insert/overwrite mode Remove Delete current character

Find Home Select End

Home Move to beginning of line
End Move to end of line
Home Home Move to beginning of file
End End Move to end of file

Control Keys:

$^{\wedge}A$	Find again	^J		^S	
^B	Page back	$^{\wedge}K$		$^{\text{T}}$	
	Copy	L	Mark block	U	Undo
D	Delete line	M	Return	$^{\wedge}V$	Paste
^E	Exit	^N	Insert line	^W	
^F	Find string		Options	$^{\wedge}X$	Cut
$^{\land}G$	Goto line	P	Page forward	$^{\wedge}Y$	
^H	Backspace	^Q		$^{\sim}Z$	
^I	-	^R	Search and replace str	ing	

Qedit Commands

This guide describes, in alphabetical order, the commands that Qedit understands at the line prompt (/ or qux/), the Visual home line (===>), the Visual "Next command?" prompt, and the "More?" prompt of ListJumping.

A command shown with a colon (:) is an MPE-style command. You enter one per line, must spell the full word, can omit the leading colon, use the semicolon (;) for keywords, and enter an asterisk (*) to pass the currently open file to the command.

A command shown with an exclamation mark (!) is a HP-UX or POSIX shell command. You enter one per line, must spell the full word, and can omit the leading exclam. Asterisk is not used in shell commands to indicate the currently open file, because asterisk is an important substitution character in HP-UX and POSIX, usually indicating all the files in the current directory.

A command shown without a colon or exclam is a Qedit command. You can enter several commands per line, each separated by ";" and commands can be abbreviated to the leading substring shown in capital letters (e.g., AP is the shortest abbreviation of APpend).

Command Options

Q	Quiet	DQ, LQ
T	Template	MT, LTQ, LT
J	Jump/Justify	LJ. AJ

Shortcuts in Qedit

Back one line	<cr></cr>	Ahead one line
Findup	*	Current line or workfile
First line]	Last line
All lines	line/	line/LAST
Redo	x/.y	x / x.y
Listredo	,.	Do
*+5	CAps	Short form $(CL = CLose)$
*-5	\$	Previous external file
Calculator	find;m	Combine cmds with ";"
Help	ZZ	Marked range
No colon needed	%	External program
Compile CM	#1234	NM spool file
Awaken son	KI	Kill son
No exclam needed		
	Findup First line All lines Redo Listredo *+5 *-5 Calculator Help No colon needed Compile CM Awaken son	Findup * First line] All lines line/ Redo x/.y Listredo *+5 CAps *-5 \$ Calculator find;m Help ZZ No colon needed % Compile CM #1234 Awaken son KI

Place Comments in Braces {} at the End of a Line:

```
change "xxxx"arbiter" @ {fix password}
```

:ACtivate [program [,entrypoint]]

Wake up a held program. (Default: program = last)

:activate suprtool

Add [line]

Add new lines at or after **line**. (Default: line = *)

```
add 56 {use "//" to stop adding}
addj 100.1 {J = justified = with same indentation}
```

Add line string

Add one new line and fill it with string.

```
add 5 "new line"
```

Add line = file [,UNN] [rangelist] (JOIN)

Add rangelist lines from a file at or after line. (Default: entire file)

```
add 53 = exmplcd.source
add 23.1 = /src/libr 205/215
```

Add line = rangelist

(COPY)

Copy rangelist to line; original lines are not purged.

```
add 5.1 = 10/25 {copy}
add last=hold0 {repeat last copy}
```

Add line < rangelist

(MOVE)

Move **rangelist** to **line**; lines in original position are moved.

```
add 50 < 11/22 {move}
```

APpend "string" [rangelist]

Append **string** to the end of each line in the **rangelist**. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
append ";" 3/7
```

BAckward

(Shortcut: F5 key)

Starts "browsing" the current file by displaying one page backward.

Before [start[/stop]]|[string]|[ALL |@]

Redo previous commands. See Line Modify Codes on page 14.

```
b {modify last command}
b 5/10 {repeat several commands}
bj {Listredo}
```

:Beginfile filename

Create temp file and fill with lines until :Endfile.

```
:beginfile infile
:dbname.group.account
:set-name
:endfile
```

Change "string"newstring" [rangelist]

Replace **string** with **newstring**. Use three quotes for brevity, or four quotes to specify a (window) for **string**. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
change "sum" (smart) "sums" all cq"sum"sums"@ \{q = don't \text{ show each change}\} cj "a"b" 5/ \{j = verify \text{ changes}\}
```

```
ct "CUST"SUPP" @ {t = change COBX tags}
```

Change col [/col] [(window)] "string" [rangelist]

Replace a column range with **string** or insert **string** in front of a column. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
change 3/3 "|" all
c 7/10 "" 10/20 {shift left 4 columns}
c 7 " " 10/20 {shift right 1 column}
```

CLose

Close the current workfile and remove the file name from the list of recently accessed files.

close

COLcopy src1 [/src2] dest1 [/dest2] [rangelist]

Copies a column range to a destination column range. If destination is a single column, source range is inserted. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
col 3/5 20 all {inserts col 3/5 at column 20} col 7/10 20/30 10 {copies col 7/10 to columns 20/30}
```

COLMove src1 [/src2] dest1 [/dest2] [rangelist]

Moves a column range to a destination column range. If destination is a single column, source range is inserted. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
colm 3/5 20 all {inserts col 3/5 at column 20} colm 7/10 20/30 10 {moves col 7/10 to columns 20/30}
```

Delete [rangelist]

Delete lines. (Default: rangelist = * line)

```
d 10/20 {use Ctrl-Y to undo last delete} dj 5/8 {J = confirm deletions}
```

DEStroy [filename]

Purge a file with user verify. (Default: current workfile)

```
destroy temp
des * {current file}
```

:DISPLAY [message]

Print a message on \$stdlist.

```
:display Now we run Suprtool
```

Divide [(columnlist)][rangelist]

Split lines into two or more. (Default: blank line after *)

```
div (11 21) {split line at column 11 and 21}
```

:DO [start [/stop]] | [string] | [ALL | @]

Repeat previous commands without modifying them. (Shortcut = ,)

```
do -2 {repeat next-to-last command} do list {repeat last List}
```

:Editerror filename [VISUAL | NEXT | PREV]

Go into Visual for first error. Press F4 for next error, F3 for previous, and F8 to exit Visual.

:Endfile

Marks the end of a :Beginfile sequence.

Exit (Shortcut: F8 key)

Shut the current workfile and exit Qedit. :Run Qedit with Parm=64 or -v to verify exit.

exit $\{ or press the F8 key \}$

Find [string1 [OR string2 ...] | stringrange] [line] (Shortcut: F4 key)

Search ahead for any of one or more strings, starting at **line**. If **stringrange** is specified, the start and end lines are saved in ZZ. (Default: string1 = last, line = *+1)

```
find "xxx"
find "this" or "that" or "the other"
find "proc"/"end proc"
```

FINDUp [string] [line] (Shortcut: F3 key)

Search back for **string**. (Default: string = last, line = *-1)

```
findup "xxx" {^is also a shortcut}
```

FORM [\$lp | \$lpa | \$lpb] [file]

Display self-describing information from current or external **file**, on screen or printer.

FOrward (Shortcut: F6 key)

Starts "browsing" the current file by displaying one page forward.

GARbage

Recover lost space in workfile.

gar

Glue [(columnlist)][rangelist]

Join two or more lines. (Default: join *+1 to *)

```
glue 5/10 {join pairs}
gluej {insert 1 space}
glueq (11, 21) {join next 2 lines to column 11 and 21}
```

Help [command][,keyword]

Provide on-line Help for Qedit. **Keywords**: Intro, News, Terms.

```
help {start at top level}
help set, list {comma required}
helpq change {quick summary}
```

HOld [filename][rangelist]

Save lines in Hold file. HoldJ appends. (Default: filename = *, rangelist = @)

```
holdq 15/75 {no listing}
holdj 80/90 {append to Hold file}
hold testjob {copy entire file}
```

Justify [option] [keyword ...] [rangelist]

Format lines of text. **Options**: Left, Right, Center, Format, Both, Null. **Keywords**: Margin column, Two ON|OFF (two spaces after . ? or !), Indent spaces (indentation for list of points), Withindent (activate configured indentation). (Default: Set Justify assigns defaults)

```
j center 500 {center line 500}
j left 5/10 {left justify lines in rangelist}
```

Keep [file][,option...][rangelist]

Save the workfile in an editor Keep file. **Options**: Temp, UNN, Yes (purge old), No (no purge), Xeq (assign xeq access), Released (:Release file), Ifdirty (only if changes made), LF (insert Newline characters), NOLF (no insert Newlines), and Nolabels.

```
t sample; keep {one full cycle}
k r2, y {purge existing file if it exists}
keep abc, temp, unn, yes
keep ./abc, xeq {save with xeq access}
```

:Kill [@|program[,entrypoint]]

Terminate a held process. (Default: recent)

```
:kill @ {all processes}
```

List [\$option...][file[,UNN]][rangelist]

Display lines from current or external **file**, on screen or printer. **Options**: \$lp, \$lpa, \$lpb, \$record (attached printer), \$device, \$duplex, \$page, \$lines, \$even, \$odd, \$hex, \$octal, \$decimal, \$char, \$dbl, \$shift, \$rightby, \$columns, \$include, \$use, \$copy, \$pre, \$post, \$skip, \$noskip, \$length. ListJ means browse one screen at a time. (Defaults: see Set List on page 16)

:LISTREDO [[start[/stop]]|[string]|[ALL |@]]

```
[;ABS|;REL|;UNN][;OUT=file]
```

Display previous commands. (Default: last 20; Shortcut: ,,)

```
listredo change {all Change commands}
listredo all;unn;out=myfile
```

LISTUndo

Display commands that you can undo, starting with the most recent command.

```
listundo
```

Execute the ls command.

```
ls -a
```

LSort range | stringrange [KEYS keylist ...]

Sort a **range** of lines (entire line is key). Key is starting column and length, or column range.

MErge modfile [(rangelist)]

Merge a **modfile** into the current workfile. (Default: entire modfile)

```
merge mods
```

Modify [rangelist]

Edit characters within lines. Also split, splice, delete lines. See Line Modify Codes on page 14 and Set Modify on page 16. (Default: rangelist = *)

```
m 5/10
m "custrec"
```

New [file [,lang][(size)]]

Create a new workfile with the current format and open it. Default is an extra scratch file. (Default: Set Work)

```
new {create an extra scratch file}
new qwork {create an empty file named qwork}
new fred, data (25000)
```

Open file [,BROWSE | DEFER | NODEFER]

Open an existing workfile for editing or browsing. Close the current workfile first. (Default: Qeditscr, * = previous)

```
o qwork
open * {switch back to other file}
open ? {select a recently used file}
open *-2 {open a recently used file}
```

:PAUSE [seconds|message]

Print prompt **message** and wait for user to press Return; or pause for n **seconds**.

```
:pause Press Return to continue
:pause 60
```

:PREP [uslfile][,prog][keyword[value]...]

Converts USL object code into a MPE/V program file. Keywords are:

```
STACK words
DLSIZE words
CAP caplist
QMAP
PATCH words

MAXDATA words
RL rlfile
PMAP
LP
ZERODB
```

FPMAP NOFPMAP YES NO

NOSYM CHECKSUM

(Default: \$oldpass, \$newpass; Set Rl, Set Maxdata)

Proc [procedure | DOWN | UP][S|P|G|PP|PG] [rangelist]

Call a user **procedure** and pass lines to it. S = system SL; P = pub; G = group; PP = program's pub; PG = program's group. **Down** and **Up** are built-in. (Default: procedure = previous, rangelist = none). See Set Shift on page 16 and Set Editinput Extend on page 15.

p down 5/10 {change lines 5/10 to lowercase}

Q ["string"]

Print a **string** on the terminal. (Default: print blank line)

q "Enter New Lines";add {prompt/add}

:QHELP helpfile [,keyword ...]

Enter Help system on a specific Robelle helpfile.

qhelp robelle.help.robelle

:REDO [start [/stop]] | [string] | [ALL | @]

Redo previous commands, using D, R, I, and U to edit. (Shortcut: ,)

redo {modify last command} redo -2/ {redo last 2 commands}

:REFLECT pc-command

Execute a command on your PC via Reflection.

:reflect dir a:

RENumber [startline [/ stopline]] [maxincr]

Renumber all or part of the workfile. (Default: entire file, starting from line 1.0)

renum {first line is changed to 1.0} renum 50/60 {renumber 50 through 60}

Replace [\$HOLD][rangelist]

Replace lines from terminal or Hold file. (Default: rangelist = *)

replace \$hold 100/105

:RUN [prog][,entry][keyword[value]...]

Runs a program without leaving Qedit. Keywords are:

MAXDATA words STACK words DLSIZE words LIB G|P|S PARM value **DEBUG LMAP** [NO]HOLD **NOPRIV NOCB** INFO "string" STDIN file STDLIST *file* PRI CS|DS|ES QINPUT filename **NOSTOP**

```
XL "filelist"
```

UNSAT procname

(Default: \$oldpass, Set Lib)

Implied RUN

If you type a program name, Qedit looks for it in the logon group, Pub group, and Pub.Sys (or Hppath list). Only Info and Parm are supported in implied run.

Set keyword [value ...]

Changes Qedit's configuration. See the Configuration section on page 15.

SHut [filename]

Close the current workfile or save it with a new **filename**. (Default: same file name)

```
shut {close file; keep same file name} sh rept23 {rename file}
```

SPell [rangelist]

Check spelling in lines. (Default: rangelist = *; see Set Spell on page 16)

```
spell @
spellj 100/200 {with modify}
```

Text file [,option]

Copy a **file** into the current workfile (if empty) or into Qeditscr or a random scratch file. Specify TJ or the New option to Text into an extra scratch file. Specify TQ or the UNN option for files that have digits in their last 8 columns (or first 6 for Cobol). These options override Qedit's defaults: UNN, SetIncr, Labels, SaveTabs, Browse, Yes, No, Length. They can be combined with the following keywords that override the automatic language detection: Cob, Cobx, SPL, FTN, Pas, RPG, Job, Text, Data, Cobfree, HTML, XML, QSL, Java.

```
text myfile {copy into qeditscr}
text fred, unn {treat as unnumbered file}
text read, pas {treat as Pascal}
text longfile, length 80
```

Text newfile [,format][(size)]= file [,option]

Create a new workfile and copy another **file** into it. See above for options. (Default: same type) The formats override Qedit's workfile defaults: Data, Wide.

```
text ext.c {copy into the default scratch file}
text wf,data=ext.c {copy file ext into file wf}
```

UNdo [ALL|REDO]

Reverse result of last text-modifying command. Undo All returns to last Text or Open state; Undo Redo cancels the last Undo operation.

UP (Shortcut: F2 key)

Start "browsing" the current file one page at a time.

Use file [rangelist]

Execute all or part of a **file** of commands. Nesting is okay. * means the current workfile or the last workfile opened.

```
useq findc
use * {Q = don't print commands}
use * {execute current workfile}
use compile "qfx." {part of a file}
```

Verify [LP][@|ALL][keyword...]

Show status. **Keywords**: ALias, SET option, EXIt, LAStfile, Open, PROC, PROG, RUn, STRing, VErsion, Z, ZZ. (Default: show nondefault options)

```
v open {see list of files you have edited}
```

```
VIsual [line | "string"]
```

(Shortcut: F1 key)

Switch to full-screen editing. See Visual Mode section on page 2.

```
(Default: line = *)

vi 50 {enter Visual mode at line 50}
```

Words "string"

Look up words in the spell dictionary.

```
words "right wroung CAse"
words "prefix@ soundex!"
```

:XLTRIM fileset

Trim excess disc space from disc files on MPE/iX.

```
:xltrim @.source.develop
```

Zave [=[commands]]

Store or recall a line of **commands**. (Default: execute the commands in the Z line)

```
z=list */last {define Z} z {invoke Z}
```

ZZ [[line[/line]|stringrange]|OFF]

Mark a range of lines for later reference. Mark the range in a single ZZ command, or in two ZZ commands.

```
zz 5/10 {define the range} c "prog"program" zz {then use it}
```

File Names

Wherever Qedit expects a file name, you can use the \$file= keyword followed by the actual name enclosed in quotes. This is very useful when file names contain special characters that might be incorrectly interpreted by Qedit.

```
text $file="This.is-a-special filename"
```

Windows, Patterns, and Regular Expressions

A **window** in parentheses may follow a string to define how it matches, e.g.,

```
list "qedit" (1/40 up)
```

Qedit supports the following expressions in a window:

startcol/endcol Search columns
Smart | NOSmart Upshift | NOUpshift Ignore the case

Match | NOMatch True = not found Pattern | NOPattern String is a pattern

Regexp | NORegexp | String is a regular expression

A Qedit **pattern** is similar to a regular expression, but uses MPE Listfstyle wildcard characters. E.g.,

```
list "@cost@fixed@" (pattern)
```

Qedit supports the following wildcards in patterns:

- Zero or more characters of any type Exactly one numeric character (0 to 9)
- ? Exactly one alpha (A to Z, a to z) or numeric

~ Zero or more blank characters

& Escape character (defines next character as a literal)

^! Reserved for future use

Qedit supports the following metacharacters in regular expressions:

- Start-of-line anchor
 End-of-line anchor
 Matches any character
 Optional character
- * Matches zero or more of the preceding character
 + Matches one or more of the preceding character
- [Start a character class End a character class
- ^ If first character in character class, negate class
- (Subpattern start) Subpattern end

Qedit recognizes the following escaped characters in regular expressions:

\b Backspace

\e ASCII escape character (ESC)

\f Form feed

\n Newline (line feed) \r Carriage return

\s Space

\t Horizontal tab

\DDD 1-3 octal digits representing a character's ASCII value \xDDD 1-3 hex digits representing a character's ASCII value \^C Control code (e.g., Control-G (^G) is the bell character)

\1\2 Subpattern (in replace string only)

Strings

Characters enclosed in single quotes or double quotes are a string (e.g., "abcd"). Other string delimiters are : \~ and |. MPE also includes! & _ ? # and >. You can change this list with Set StringDelimiters. Some characters are not usable at the Visual mode home line. Set Decimal On enables ASCII codes (e.g., '07 = bell character). Verify String shows the last string; List "" reuses the string.

Lines, Ranges, and Rangelists

A line defines a position in the file:

nn.nn Any line number: 4, 100, 1.1 line + count Relative position forward: * + 10 line - count Relative position backward: Last - 10

A **range** can be an entire file (@ or ALL), a single line, a line range (e.g., 10/20), or the block of lines marked by ZZ:

```
list all {entire file}
list 5 {only line 5}
list 5/10 {lines 5 through 10}
list *-5/ {from 5 lines back to end of file}
list zz {see ZZ command and cut-and-paste}
```

A **range** can also be the lines containing one or more strings, or a block of lines bounded by a beginning string and an ending string:

```
list "bob" {all lines that contain "bob"}
list "bob" zz {only search ZZ lines for "bob"}
list "bob" or "ken"{lines containing either string}
list "start-proc" / "end-proc"
```

A **rangelist** is a list of ranges (not of the string variety):

```
list 501 617 zz
list 2/3 7/9
```

COBOL Copylib Members

To access a Copylib member, put its name in parentheses, as in List (base). To look in another Copylib, append the file to the member, as in Text (base) baselib. To see the member names in a Copylib, use a pattern such as List (@).

Line Modify Codes

Qedit has these three choices for interacting with the Modify command:

Set Modify Robelle (default). Printing characters replace, and control keys edit (e.g., Delete = Control-D = ^D).

$^{\wedge}A$	Append	^I	Tab
^B	Insert	$^{\text{L}}$	Append
$\wedge \wedge$	Insert	$^{\circ}$ O	Overwrite
D	Delete	$^{\wedge}V$	Divide
$^{\wedge}G$	Goof	$^{\wedge}T$	Stop edit
A	Delete at end, the	n add	
^A^O	Replace end	$^{\wedge}A^{\wedge}V$	New line
T V	Splice lines	TD	Delete line

Set Modify Qzmodify. This WYSIWYG choice gives you the Robelle Modify functions, plus the following:

^E	Erase	^Q	Help
^J	Justify	^U	Move to previous tab
^K	New line	^X	Redraw
^Fc	Next "c"	^Fnc	Find n th "c"
^Sc	Previous "c"	^Snc	n th previous "c"
^Pn-	Back n lines	$^{\text{P}n+}$	Ahead n lines
^W^C	Compress	^W?	Show decimal char value
$^{\rm N}$	Delete word	^Wc^D	Delete to "c"
$^{\text{W}L}$	Ruled "line"	^W^S^D	Change line to lowercase
^W^N	Toggle "num"	^W^S^U	Change line to uppercase
$^{\text{W}P}$	Put any char	^W\$cc	Put a hexadecimal char

Set Modify HP. This is like MPE/iX Redo.

I	Insert	>	Append ($>D = delete$)
D	Delete	>R	Replace at end
R	Replace	U	Undo
$C \setminus x \setminus y$	Change	D>	Clear rest of line

Configuration: Set Command

The Set command configures Qedit. Combine options for the same keyword in the same Set command, but use different Set commands for different keywords. E.g.,

```
set check delete on justify on {good} set decimal on visual bell '222 {error} set decimal on; set visual bell '222 {good}
```

Set commands			
Keyword	Option	Value	Initial value
ACcount		acctname	same as Qedit
			program location
ALias	"aliasname"	[To	
		"aliasdefinition"	
		OFF]	
ALias	Fkey number	[To	
		"aliasdefinition"	
		OFF]	
ALias	Ignorecase	ON OFF	ON
ALias	Reset	'	
ALias	Trace	ON OFF	OFF
AUTOCOnt		ON OFF	OFF
CHeck	Delete	ON OFF	OFF
CHeck	Justify	ON OFF	OFF
CHeck	Hold	Yes No Ask	Ask
CompatVarsub	Tiolu	ON OFF	OFF
DEcimal DEcimal		ON OFF	OFF
DEcimai			132
DL		size {132 – 10000	132
EDitions (A =:	words}	ON
EDitinput	Asian	ON OFF	ON
EDitinput	Command	ON OFF	OFF
EDitinput	Data	ON OFF	OFF
EDitinput	Extend	ON OFF	ON
EXPandtabs		ON OFF	OFF
EXTEntsize		keepfile, workfile	100, 30
EXtprog		file [parm] [
		COM ON OFF]	
FILEName	Help HInt	filename	in same location as
	Qzmod		Qedit
FOrtran		ON OFF	OFF
HFS		ON OFF	OFF
Hints		ON OFF	ON
Halfbright		ON OFF	ON
HPpath		"path list"	!hpgroup, pub,
TH Pull		Pulli list	pub.sys
Increment		linenum {0.001 -	1
		100.0}	
INTeractive		ON OFF	
Justify		Null Left Right	Null
Justify		Center Format	INUII
		Both	
Justify	Indent	columns {2 –	
Justily	macm		
Instifu	Monoin	8171}	
Justify	Margin	rightedge {2 –	
T- 4'C-	G	8172}	
Justify	Start	"charlist" {justify	
T .: C	, a	restart}	
Justify	Stop	"charlist" {justify	
		break}	
Justify	Two	ON OFF	OFF
Keep	Ascii	ON OFF	ON
Keep	Bytestream	ON OFF	OFF
Keep	Cctl	ON OFF	OFF
Keep	Checktimestamp	ON OFF	ON

Set commands	Ontion	Value	Initial walus
Keyword	Option	Value	Initial value
Keep	Cobfree	ON OFF	OFF
Keep	COde	nn	0
Keep	Label	nn	0
Keep	LF	ON OFF	OFF
Keep	Limit	[Free Save	
		Percent pp Plus	
		nn	
Keep	Num	ON OFF	ON
Keep	NAme	filename [,TEMP]	
Keep	Variable	ON OFF	OFF
Language		Job Text Data	SPL
241184484		Cob Cobx [All]	212
		Cobfree Pas	
		Ftn Spl Rpg	
		Html XML	
		Java QSL	
I DD			first column
LEFt		[nn]	iirst column
LEngth		nn	C .
LIb		G P S	S
LIMits	Colonreq	ON OFF	OFF
LIMits	Hold	nn	10
LIMits	Proc	n	4
LIMits	Run	ON OFF	ON
LIMits	Sys	ON OFF	ON
LISt	Double	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Endstop	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Even	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Lines	nn {lines/page}	60
LISt	LJ	nn {lines/page}	23
LISt	Name	ON OFF	ON
LISt	NEarest	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	NUm	ON OFF	ON
LISt	Odd	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Page	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	PCL	nn {see PCL	0
		codes on page	
		18}	
LISt	QJ	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Record	ON OFF	OFF
LISt	Title	ON OFF	ON
MAxdata		nn	
Modify		QZModify [TAE	Robelle
1,10 411)		TAEOFF]	11000111
		HPModify	
		Robelle	
Modify		(function ^letter	
Modify			
Madif-	Duggerent)	ON
Modify	Prompt	ON OFF	ON
Open	Checktimestamp	ON OFF	OFF
Open	Defer	ON OFF	OFF
PATtern		OLD NEW	NEW
Priority		CS DS ES	logon priority
PROmpt		"string"	/ or qux/
REDo		[filename]	
RIght		[nn]	same as Length
RL		[filename]	
SHift	Down	$n \{1 = \text{all}, 2 =$	0
SIIII	DOMII	n = 1 - an, 2 - skip "xx", 3 =	U
		skip ' xx ', $4 = skip$	
		both}	

Set commands Keyword	Option	Value	Initial value
SPell	Exclude	"string"	IIIIIIAI VAIUC
SI CII	Lacidde	{don't check	
		these lines}	
SPell	Hyphen	"char"	
	>}	{hyphenation	
		character}	
SPell	Only	"string"	
		{only check these	
		lines}	
SPell	STop	{release	
		dictionaries}	
STAtistics		ON OFF	OFF
STRingdelimiters		"delimiter list"	\~{}[]_@?!#>%:'"
		POSIX	%:'"
Suspend		ON OFF	AT
Tabs		^char {which	\I
T 1		character}	CTOD 0 CTOD 10
Tabs		NULL STOP	STOP 8 or STOP 10
		column	
Tabs	НР	ON OFF	ON
TErm	Columns		80
TEXt	Cobolfixed	ON OFF	OFF
TEXt	Exclusive	ON OFF	OFF
TOtals	LACIUSIVC	ON OFF	ON
UDC		ON OFF file	OFF
ODC		[LOCK]	OTT
Varsub		ON OFF	OFF
UNdo		ON OFF	011
VIsual	Above	$n \{0-9 \text{ lines}\}$	0
		above current	
		line}	
VIsual	ATtachmate	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	BELL	'nnn "char"	none
VIsual	BElow	nn {0 – 99 lines	19
		below current	
		line}	
VIsual	BLockemulation	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	BUf	nn {2000 – 30000	10000
		characters}	
VIsual	CArry	$n \{0-9 \text{ lines}\}$	1
VIsual	CLEardisplay	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	Cutcurrent	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	EDitonopen	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	ESC	'nnn "char"	none
VIsual	FIeld	'nnn "char"	~
VIsual	HALfbright	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	Hidetags	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	HOme	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	HOStprompt	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	Ignorelf	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	Inschar	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	Label	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	LInemode	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	MArginfixed MSG	ON OFF	ON
VIsual		ON OFF	
VIsual	Renum	ON OFF	ON
VIsual	ROII	nn {1 – 10 lines per F2}	6
	C	ON OFF 1	OFF
VI _{GUO} 1		I TOUR LEEP LIE	
VIsual	Save		OFF
VIsual	SCReen	FAST ON OFF	OFT

Set commands Keyword	Option	Value	Initial value
VIsual	SO	'nnn "char"	none
Visual	SCROllup	'nnn "char"	none
VIsual	Stop	{Force Qedit to	<u>-</u>
v isuai	зюр	re-identify	
		terminal}	
VIsual	TAB	'nnn "char"	none
VIsual	TAE	ON OFF	OFF
VIsual	Update	OFF ON	OFF
, 10441	Opunic	[EXCEPT 7]	
VIsual	Widen	80 76 OFF	80
VIsual	Wordwrap	ON OFF	OFF
Visual	XX	start[/end]	511
WArnings	21/21	ON OFF	ON
WHichcomp	Cobol	68 74 85	none
WHichcomp	Pascal	V R {R =	V
Theneonip	1 45541	Pascal/Robelle}	'
WHichcomp	Fortran	66 77	66
WHichcomp	In	Sys Robelle	Robelle
Window		(options)	
		(See Windows on	
		page 12}	
WOrk	Block	nn {lines/block}	8
WOrk	Jumbo	ON OFF	ON
WOrk	Labels	ON OFF	OFF
WOrk	Random	ON OFF	OFF
WOrk	Size	nn {lines/file}	3200
WOrk	Temp	ON OFF	ON
Work	Trailingspaces	ON OFF	OFF or ON
WRaparound	81	nn ON OFF	ON
X		["xx"] dateform	none
		["yy"]	
		{dateform =	
		ddmmmyy	
		ccyymmdd	
		yymmdd	
		mmddyy	
		ddmmyy	
		DATE}	
X	Global	ON OFF	OFF
X	List	ON OFF	ON
X	LOcal	ON OFF	OFF
X	Null		
X	Tab	ON OFF	OFF
YNone		ON OFF	OFF
Zip		characters	[]@{}
		{representing	
		First, Last, All,	
		left shift, right	
		shift,	
		automodify}	

PCL code (+1000 =	Letter-size (cols/lines)	A4 paper (cols/lines)
ASCII, +2000 = A4)		
0 default font	80 x <set line="" list=""></set>	
1 Landscape - tiny	175 x 60	188 x 58
2 Landscape - Courier	100 x 45	110 x 43
3 Standard Courier	80 x 60	77 x 64
4 Portrait - tiny	132 x 80	128 x 85
5 Courier A4 "tight"	80 x 60	80 x 60
6 Landscape - legal-	223 x 60	223 x 60
tiny		

10 Landscape - 2 columns	87 x 60 x 2	95 x 58 x 2
11 Legal - 2 columns	110 x 60 x 2	110 x 60 x 2

=Calculator Commands

=5*50 {multiply} =? {Help on calculator}

%External Commands (e.g., MPEX)

set ext mpex.pub.vesoft {configure}
%listf @.pub,access {MPEX command}

MPE/iX NM Compilers

Use the Qcompxl.Qeditjob stream to adjust your NM compilers to read Qedit files in either MPE or Qedit. Then use these commands to invoke the compilers, using * to compile the currently-open file:

cob74x1 * pasx1 * cob85x1 * ftnx1 * ccx1 *

MPE V Compilers

Use the generic COMPILE command to invoke the MPE/V compiler associated with the language of the file being compiled:

COMPILE file, usl, list, mast, new [;info "string"]

Or use language-specific compiler commands, which take the same parameters as the generic command:

spl *
pascal 300/414.5 {compile a range of lines}
fortran *
ftn *
cobolii *
cobol *
fcobol *
fcob

PowerHouse

PowerHouse can read Qedit files and then suspend itself. See Q@.Qedcmd.Robelle.

Quiz: qz *
QTP: qp filename
Qdesign: qd filename

JCWs/Variables to Configure Qedit

On MPE you can set Qedit's environment by setting JCWs before starting Qedit.

On HP-UX you can set Qedit's environment by exporting and setting environment variables before starting Qedit. If you set RCRTMODEL to 2, Qedit autodetects your terminal type.

RCRTMODEL – Model of HP terminal

0 haven't checked yet 2645 no labels 1 not an HP terminal 2392 etc.

```
2
     autodetect
                              7009
                                      700/92 or 700/94
1234 HPterm-type emulators
```

RPCVERSION – Which terminal emulator? (0 = haven't checked yet, 1 = not an emulator)

wXyyy, where

0 Display width can be expanded 1 Display width cannot be expanded

2 132-column VGA in Reflection

0 DOS Reflection X =

1 Macintosh Reflection

2 Windows Reflection

5 QCTerm emulator

Version number (420 = 4.20)yyy=

RCRTWIDTH – Usually 80, but can vary from 81 to 512.

RCRTSTRAPSGH – Override G/H straps

G

0 no no (handshaking)

1 no yes

2 yes no

Parm=

yes (no handshake, X.25) yes

RLABELDEFAULT – Function keys to show when not in visual mode

0 Don't care 4 Blank labels No labels on terminal 5 F1-F8 labels 1 2 Show user keys 6 Oedit labels

3 Show modes keys

Meaning

QEDITMGRTRACE – 1 means trace configuration files

QEDITCOUNT – Number of lines processed by the last command. (You don't set this, Qedit does.)

ROBELLE – Override Qedit's default location.

How to Run Qedit on MPE

```
:run qedit.pub.robelle [;info=] [;parm=]
```

Use "Info=filename" to specify file to edit, or commands to execute, depending on Parm. Combine options by adding the corresponding Parm values. Qedit first uses Qeditmgr.Pub in Sys and Robelle.

ı aı m—	Meaning
1	Execute Qeditmgr.Pub.logonaccount
2	Execute Qeditmgr.logongroup.logonaccount
4	Execute Info= string
8	Repeat Info= string on every activate
32	Do not suspend on Exit
64	Verify Exit with user
128	Execute only Info= string
256	Suspend with Basicentry and Info= file
512	Quit after editing the Info= file
Info=	Meaning
filename	New file to edit
-c cmd	Initial command string
-p n	Parm= value
qe	dit "-p 64 myfile" dit "-p 512 -c 'set mod hp'" dit newfile

Basicentry: Dedicated Qedit on MPE

The Basicentry entry point does an automatic Text and Keep of a file. For an old or new Keep file:

```
:file edttext=abc
:run qedit.pub.robelle,basicentry
```

For an old or new Qedit file:

```
:file edttext=abc;code=111
:run gedit.pub.robelle,basicentry
```

UDCs and Command Files on MPE

Qedit looks for command files according to Hppath, and for UDCs according to the Set Udc command (Default: no UDCs). Such User Commands are like those in MPE/iX, including parameters and logic. I/O redirection of User Commands on MPE/iX requires the file Qloadxl.Pub. Robelle. To execute a Qedit command, put a slash (/) in front of it. To pass the current file as a parameter, use an asterisk (*). (For the last external file, use "\$.") See @.Catalog.Robelle for many useful UDCs.

File Names Built into Qedit on MPE

Files	Description
Qeditmgr.Pub.Sys	Configuration file
Qeditmgr.Pub.Robelle	Configuration file
Qeditmgr[.Pub]	Optional configuration files
Oedit.Help.Robelle	Help file

Qedit.Help.Robelle Help file Qedhint.Help.Robelle Hint file

Qzmodhlp.Help.Robelle Qzmodify help file Qloadxl.Pub.Robelle Run-time library Qmap.Pub.Robelle Prep...;qmap

Cobol.Q.Robelle Copies of CM compilers
Qedlist =\\$stdlist, rec = -80

Qedert =Visual port

Qedredo Redo command stack
Hold Explicit Hold file
Hold0 Implicit Hold file

gscreen Copy of Visual mode screen

Lp File Lp; dev = lp
Lpa File Lpa; dev = lp
Lpb File Lpb; dev = lp
Lpcrt List \$record
Undolog Undo transactions

How to Run Qedit on HP-UX

```
qedit [-options] [filename]
```

Qedit determines which directory it is running in and uses that information as the path to its support and configuration files. Set the ROBELLE environment variable to override. Qedit automatically uses /opt/robelle/qeditmgr and \$home/.qeditmgr.

Option	Meaning	
-c	Initial command string	
-s	Single file	

-v Verify Exit with user

File Names Built into Qedit on HP-UX

FilesDescription/opt/robelle/qeditmgrConfiguration file\$home/.qeditmgrAdditional configuration

/opt/robelle/help/qedit Help file

/var/tmp/qhold.99999 Explicit Hold file /var/tmp/qhold.99999.0 Implicit Hold file /var/tmp/qscr.99999 Qedit scratchfiles

qscreen Copy of Visual mode screen

/var/tmp/ can be overridden by the TMPDIR environment variable.